

# Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

#### Super Bonder - Lash Bonder Plus

#### 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

**Product Name:** Super Bonder - Lash Bonder Plus

Company name: Mo Lashes s.r.o.

Address: Osadná 2, 831 03 Bratislava – municipal district Nové Mesto,

Slovakia

ID: 50 852 388 | VAT ID: SK2120499854

**Phone:** +421 907 201 208

#### 2. Hazards Identification

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW** 

Appearance: colorless clear liquid. Flash Point: 166 deg C. Flammable liquid and vapor. May

cause central nervous system depression. Causes severe eye irritation. Causes

respiratory tract irritation. Causes moderate skin irritation.

This substance has caused adverse reproductive and fetal effects in humans. Warning! May cause liver,

kidney and Heart damage.

Target Organs: Kidneys, heart, central nervous system, liver. Potential Health Effects

Eye: Causes severe eye irritation. May cause painful sensitization to light. Conjunctivitis

and corneal May cause chemical damage.

Skin: Causes moderate skin irritation. May cause cyanosis of the extremities.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May

cause systemic toxicity with acidosis.

May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure.

Inhalation: Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects

characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma.

Cause respiratory tract irritation.

May cause narcotic effects in high concentration. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

Chronic: May cause reproductive and fetal effects. Laboratory experiments have resulted

in mutagenic effects.

Animal studies have reported the development of tumors. Prolonged exposure may cause liver, kidney, and heart damage.

#### 3. Composition/Information on Ingredient

Component	CASNO.	%by Weight
Deionized water	7732 -18-5	30
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	40
Sodium gluconate	527-07-1	30

# 4. First Aid Measures

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally

lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid. Gently lift eyelids and flush

continuously with water.

Skin: Get medical aid. Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while

removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Flush skin

with plenty of soap and water.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupful of milk or

water. Anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give

artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid. Do NOT

use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively. Persons with skin or eye disorders or liver,

kidney, chronic respiratory diseases, or central and peripheral nervous system

diseases may be at increased risk from exposure to this substance.

Antidote: Replace fluid and electrolytes.

#### Fire Fighting Measures Danger

General Information: Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat and/or fire. As in any fire, wear

a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH

(approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive

mixture with air.

Vapors can travel to ta source of ignition and flash back. Will burn if involved in a fire.

Flammable Liquid. Can release vapors that form explosive mixtures at temperature above the flashpoint. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire.

Extinguishing Media: For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant

foam.

For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Use water spray to cool fire -exposed containers.

Water may be ineffective. Do NOT use straight streams of water. Flash Point: 166 deg C (74.4deg F) Auto ignition Temperature: 363 deg C (185.40 deg F) Explosion Limits, Lower: 3.3 vol % Upper: 19.0 vol % NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 2; Flammability: 3; Instability: 0

#### Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section

Spills/Leaks: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in

suitable container. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Provide

ventilation. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

#### 7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Ground and

bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid contact with heat, sparks and flame. Avoid ingestion and

inhalation.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Storage: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Store in a tightly closed container. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilate-d area away from incompatible substances.

Flammables- area. Do not store near perchlorates, peroxides, chromic acid or nitric acid.

#### 8. Exposure Controls

Engineering Controls: Use explosion -proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material

should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the

permissible exposure limits.

**Exposure Limits** 

Chemical Name ACGIH NIOSH OSHA - Final PELs

Ethyl alcohol 1000 ppm TWA 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3TWA

3300ppmIDLH Water none listed

OSHA Vacated PELs: Ethyl alcohol: 1000 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA Water: No OSHA Vacated PELs

are listed for this chemical. Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European

Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI

Z88.2 requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever

workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Clear liquid Appearance: colorless

Odor: Mild, rather pleasant, like wine or whis pH: Not available.

Vapor Pressure: 59.3 mm Hg @ 20 deg C Vapor Density: 1.59

Evaporation Rate: Not available.

Viscosity: 1.200 cP @ 20 deg C Boiling Point: 78 deg C

Freezing/Melting Point: -114.1 deg C

Decomposition

Temperature: Not available. Solubility: Miscible.

Specific Gravity/Density: 0.790 @ 20°C Molec ular Formula: C2H5OH

Molecular Weight: 46.0414

#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials, ignition sources, excess heat, oxidizers.

Incompatibilities with Other

materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acids, alkali metals, ammonia, hydrazine, perozides,

sodium, acid anhydrides, calcium hypochlorite, chromyl chloride, nitrosyl

perchlorate, bromine pentafluoride, perchloric acid, silver nitrate, mercuric nitrate, potassium-tert-butoxide, magnesium perchlorate, acid hexafluoride, silver oxide, iodine heptafluoride, acetyl bromide, disulfuryl difluoride, tetrachlorosilane+water, acetyl chloride, permanganic acid, ruthenium (VIII) oxide, uranyl perchlorate,

potassium dioxide.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products: Carbon monoxide, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

# 11. Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 64-17-5: KQ6300000

CAS# 7732-18-5: ZC0110000 LD50/LC50:

CAS# 64-17-5: Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg Severe; Draize test, rabbit, eye: 500 mg/24H Mild;

Dra ize test, rabbit, skin: 20 mg/24H Moderate; Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 39 gm/

m3/4H; Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 20000 ppm/10H;

Oral, mouse: LD50 = 3450 mg/kg; Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 6300 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 9000m g/

kg;Oral,rat:LD50=7060mg/kg;CAS# 7732-18-5: Oral, rat: LD50 = >90 mL/kg;

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 64-17-5:

ACGIH: A4-Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

CAS# 7732-18-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, or OSHA.

Epidemiology: Ethanol has been shown to produce fetotoxicity in the embryo or fetus of laboratory animals.

Prenatal exposure to ethanol is associated with a distinct pattern of congenital malformations that have collectively been termed the "fetal alcohol syndrome".

Teratogenicity: Oral, Human - woman: TDLo = 41 gm/kg (female 41 week(s) after conception)

Effects on Newborn -

Apgar score (human only) and Effects on Newborn - other neon atal measures or effects and Effects on

Newborn - drug dependence. Reproductive Effects: Intrauterine,

Human - woman: TDLo = 200 mg/kg (female 5 day(s) pre-mating) Fertility - female fertility index (e.g.

# females pregnant per # sperm positive females; # females pregnant per

# females mated).

Neurotoxicity: No information available.

Mutagenicity: DNA Inhibition: Human, Lymphocyte = 220 mmol/L.;

Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Lymphocyte = 1160 gm/L.; Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Fibroblast =

12000 ppm.;

Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Leukocyte = 1 pph/72H (Continuous).; Sister Chromatid

Exchange: Human, Lymphocyte = 500 ppm/72H (Continuous).

Other Studies: Standard Draize Test(Skin, rabbit) = 20 mg/24H (Moderate) Standard

Draize Test: Administration into the eye (rabbit) = 500 mg (Severe).

# 12. Ecological Information

Eco toxicity: Fish: Rainbow trout: LC50 = 12900-15300 mg/L; 96 Hr; Flow - through @ 24-

24.3°C Rainbow trout: LC50 = 11200 mg/L; 24 Hr; Fingerling (Unspecified) ria:

Phytobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 34900 mg/L; 5-30 min;

Microtox test W hen spilled on land it is apt to volatilize, biodegrade, and leach into the ground water, but no data on the rates of these processes could be found. Its fate in ground water is unknown. W hen released into water it will volatilize and probably biodegrade. It would not be expected to adsorb to sediment or bio concentrate in fish. Environmental: W hen released to the atmosphere it will photo degrade in hours (polluted urban atmosphere) to an estimated range of 4 to 6 days in less polluted areas. Rainout should be significant.

Physical: No information available.
Other: No information available.

## 13. Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3.

Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

## 14. Transport Information

US DOT IATA RID/ADR IMO Canada TDG
Shipping Name ETHANOL No information available.

HazardClass 3

UN Number UN1170

PackingGroup II

#### 15. Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL TSCA

CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on the TSCA inventory. CAS# 7732-18-5 is listed on the TSCA inventory. Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List. Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule. Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b. TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA. SARA

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

**SARA Codes** 

CAS # 64 -17-5: acu te, chronic, flammable. Section 313

No chemicals are report able under Section 313.

Clean Air Act: This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants. This material does not

contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act: Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA: None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 64-17-5 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

CAS# 7732-18-5 is not present on state lists from CA, PA, MN, MA, FL, or NJ.

WARNING: This product contains Ethyl alcohol, a chemical known to the state of California

to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols: F

Risk Phrases: R 11 Highly flammable.

Safety Phrases: S 16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking

S 33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges. S 7 Keep container tightly closed.

S 9 Keep container in a well - entila-ted place.

WGK (Water Danger/Protection) CAS# 64-17-5: 0

CAS# 7732 -18-5: No information available. Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on Canada's DSL List. CAS# 7732-18-5 is listed on Canada's DSL

List. Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of B2, D2A, D2B.Canadian Ing

Disclosure List

CAS# 64-17-5 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List. Exposure Limits

CAS# 64-17-5: OEL -AUSTRALIA:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL -BELGIUM:T WA 1000 ppm (1880

 $mg/m3) \; OEL \; -CZECHOSLOVAKAI \; : TWA \; 1000 \; mg/m3; STEL \; 5000 \; mg/m3 \; OEL - DENMARK : TWA \; 1000 \; ppm \; and \; believed by the state of the$ 

(1900 mg/m3 ) OEL -FINLAND:TWA 1000 p pm (1900 mg/m3);STEL 1250 ppm (2400 mg/m3) OEL -

FRANCE: TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3);STEL 5000 pp OEL -GERMANY:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL -HUNG

ARY:TWA 1000 mg/m3;STEL 3000 mg/m3 OEL -THE NETHERLANDS:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL -

THE PHILIPPINES:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL - POLAND :TWA 1000 mg/m3 OEL -RUSSIA:STEL 1000 m g/m3 OEL-SWEDEN:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL -SWITZERLAND:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL -THAILAND:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL -TURKEY:TWA1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL - UNITED KINGDOM:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3)JAN9 OEL IN BULGARIA, COLOMBIA, JORDAN, KOREA check ACGIH TLV OEL IN NEW ZEALAND, SINGAPORE, VIETNAM check ACGITLV

#### 16. Additional Information

**US FEDERAL TSCA** 

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None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List. Chemical Test Rules None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule. Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b. TSCA Significant New Use Rule None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA. SARA

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ. SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances None of the chemicalsinthisproducthaveaTPQ. SARA Codes

CAS # 64 -17-5: acu te, chronic, flammable. Section 313

No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.

Clean Air Act: This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants. This material does not

contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors. This material does not contain any Class 2

Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act: Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this Pollutants under the CWA.

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( 1900 mg/m3) OEL -THE PHILIPPINES:TWA1000 ppm ( POLAND :TWA 1000 mg/m3 OEL -RUSSIA:STEL 1000 m g/m3 OEL-SW EDEN:TWA 1000 ppm

( 1900 mg/m3) OEL -SWITZERLAND:TWA 1000 ppm (190 0 mg/m3) OEL -THAILAND:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL -TURKEY:TWA1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OEL -UNITED KINGDOM:TWA 1000 ppm (1900 mg/m3)JAN9 OE L IN BULGARIA, COLOMBIA, JORDAN, KOREA check ACGIH TLV OEL IN NEW ZEALAND, SINGAPORE, VIETNAM check ACGI TLV

\*\*\*\*\*End of MSDS\*\*\*\*\*